**Table 1. The association of heartburn with the study population demographic information**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | | **Heartburn** | | **P-value** |
| **Positive** | **Negative** |
| **n (%)** | |
| **Gender** | **Male** | 43 (37.03) | 73 (62.93) | 0.72 |
| **Female** | 61 (35.06) | 113 (64.94) |
| **Residence** | **Dormitory** | 69 (37.10) | 117 (62.90) | 0.55 |
| **Private house** | 35 (33.65) | 69 (66.35) |
| **Studying grade** | **Basic sciences course** | 18 (25) | 54 (75) | 0.022 |
| **Physiopathology course** | 35 (48.61) | 37 (51.39) |
| **Stagership** | 28 (37.84) | 46 (62.16) |
| **Internship** | 22 (30.99) | 49 (69.01) |
| **Body mass index** | **Normal** | 33 (17.46) | 156 (82.54) | <0.001 |
| **Overweight** | 51 (69.88) | 25 (30.12) |
| **Obese** | 13 (72.22) | 5 (27.78) |